**10 Post Test Questions– Legal and Ethical Game Show Training**

**2nd 3-hour Training**

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1. In accordance with HIPPA, clients always have the right to see “progress notes” if

 they want to.

 True or False

**Answer: False**

2. The most stressful client behaviors include:

 A) apathy/lack of motivation

 B) anger/hostility toward the therapist

 C) suicide

 D) all of the above

**Answer: D**

3. There are only four situations in which clients lose confidentiality and privilege.

True or False

**Answer: False**

4, One factor or point-in-fact that is necessary to make an informed consent legal and binding is that the client must voluntarily make the decision.

True or False

**Answer: True**

5. One of the four components that must be proven or demonstrated in order for someone to win a lawsuit against a therapist is that a professional duty must have been established.

True or False

**Answer: True**

6. If a client introduces a mental condition as a defense in legal proceedings, he/she

 loses privilege communication rights.

True or False

**Answer: True**

7. Only progress notes can be subpoenaed into court.

 True or False

**Answer: False**

8. In order for a client to sue for malpractice, the therapist must have engaged in illegal

 behavior.
 True or False?

**Answer: F**

9. Which statement is true?
 A) Malpractice is an ethical concept.
 B) Malpractice is a legal concept.
 C) Malpractice is both a legal and ethical concept.

**Answer: B**

10. The landmark 1974 ruling that led to MHPs being required to warn 3rd parties
 of threats of physical harm was:
A) Tarasoff v. Regents of Un. of California
B) Bogust v. Iverson
C) Rotman v. Mirin
D) Thompson v. County of Alameda

**Answer: A**